ACKERMAN'S

Morning Oregonian.

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ALLEN & LEWIS, WHOLESALE GROCERS, Corner Front and D sts. Portland, Or

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CENTRAL HOTEL, ILWACO, W. T., D. SPENCER & CO., Prop'rs

First-class in Every Respect

Table Supplied with All the Delicacies of the Season

Special Accommodations for Families Visiting the Seaside. 1 10

THE SEASIDE HOUSE, Clatsop Beach, Oregon, Open for the season of 1886 Saturday, June 26. TABLE WILL BE FIRST-CLASS.

RATES—per week $17 50 per day 3 00

Children under twelve and servants half price. For circulars address CHAS OHLER Manager Seaside P O, Clatsop county, Oregon or 214 Washington st. cor. 3d Portland Or. H. F. THOMPSON Prop'r

Wilhoit Springs SUMMER RESORT

NOW OPEN FOR RECEPTION OF GUESTS. Good table, large airy rooms, hot and cold Soda and Mineral Water Baths. Hunting, fishing and boating. Stages leave Aurora Tuesdays and Saturdays, connecting daily at Woodburn with the Aurora Express. For further particulars address P. W. MILLER & SON, Proprietors Wilhoit Springs P O Clackamas Co Or

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PIMPLES Blackheads Skin Blemishes and Baby Humors, use CUTICURA SOAP.

NO ACHE OR PAIN, OR BRUISE, or muscular weakness, but that it relieves at once, in the most economical and inexpensive manner, is alleviated and cured by the CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER. At druggists.

Spring Millinery.

The usual Fine Assortment now on display at

MRS. G. H. CLARKE'S,

Fourth and Columbia.

Just Received, A FRESH LOT OF LA PALOMA, CASINO AND CHAMPAGNE-FLAVORED CIGARS. Sold by retail at WILZINSKI BROS. & CO. Portland Or

HOMES ON EASY TERMS.

I HAVE A FEW DESIRABLE RESIDENCE Lots within ten minutes walk of the Alisea street which I will sell for ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS EACH in installments of TEN DOLLARS PER MONTH. They are level and quite a number have city water and fine views. This is a good opportunity to get a desirable home on easy terms. VAN B. DELASHMUTT, 41m

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ILWACO HOTEL! MRS. N. KELLY, Prop'r

Board by the week or day. Rates reasonable. Ilwaco, W. T.

Clams, Oysters Fish, Plentiful.

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Thirteenth and N Sts. Portland.

WASHINGTON.

A Quiet Day in Both Houses of Congress.

THE PAN ELECTRIC INVESTIGATION

Three Reports to be Submitted—The New Assistant Secretary of State—Manning's Health Improved—Notes

SENATE

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Hawley, from the committee on military affairs, reported back the joint resolution appointing Gen J. H. Sewell, of New Jersey, Gen Martin I. McMahon of New York, and Capt. John L. Mitchell, of Wisconsin, managers of the national homes for disabled soldiers, to fill vacancies. passed.

Beck introduced a bill to authorize the postmaster general to appoint and remove postmasters of the third class who are now appointed and removed by the president. referred to the postoffice committee.

The senate then, on motion of Plumb, resumed consideration of the president's veto of the bill to quiet titles of settlers on Des Moines lands, and after arguments was passed over the president's veto by the requisite two thirds majority. Yeas 38, nays 19.

Plumb submitted the conference report on the army appropriation bill. The conference report was explained by Allison. The bill now appropriates about $750,000 less than it did when it first passed the house. The report was agreed to.

Allison submitted the conference report on the bill to amend Pacific railroad acts, and it was agreed to.

The senate then, on motion of Allison, proceeded to consider the bill making appropriations for the legislative, executive and judicial expenses of the government.

Plumb, from the conference committee on the bill making appropriations for the department of agriculture, submitted a report, which was agreed to.

Allison gave notice that he would ask the senate to finish the legislative bill to-morrow. Adjourned.

HOUSE

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Burns, of Missouri, from the committee on appropriations, reported the general deficiency bill and it was referred to the committee of the whole. It appropriates $6,06...845.

The house then went into committee of the whole, Reagan of Texas in the chair, on the sundry civil bill.

Springer, of Illinois, moved to increase from $40,000 to $200,000 the appropriation for protecting public lands from fraudulent entries. Springer said his desire was to uphold the aims of Commissioner Sparks and Secretary Lamar in their efforts to expose frauds perpetrated on the public domain, and to reclaim thousands and millions of acres from the fraudulent grasp of syndicates. After debate Springer withdrew his motion, and a motion made by Laird of Nebraska to strike out the clause was rejected.

Carey of Wyoming defended the cattle grazers and settlers in Wyoming from the abuse which have been showered upon them. He declared that they were just as honest and upright men as could be found on the floor of the house. He challenged the presentation of any evidence except that made by liars and perjurers which would show that they had pre-empted any man from settling on any quarter section of land open to settlement.

Pending further action the committee rose.

Blount of Georgia submitted the conference report on the postoffice appropriation bill and it was agreed to. The senate recedes from its amendment which authorizes the postmaster general to contract for inland and foreign steamboat mail service when it can be confined in one route where the foreign office is not more than 500 miles distant from the domestic office, at the same terms as inland steamboat service. The senate also recedes from its amendment increasing by $80,000 the appropriation for the railway post office service. The senate also recedes from its foreign mail service amendment, known as the "subsidy" amendment.

Bragg of Wisconsin submitted the conference report on the army appropriation bill, and it was agreed to.

Hatch of Missouri submitted the conference report on the agricultural appropriation bill and agreed to. Adjourned.

THE PAN ELECTRIC

Three Documents in the Form of Reports to be Presented.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Three documents in the nature of reports will be presented to the house by the Pan Electric telephone committee, but as neither will be signed by a majority of the committee technically speaking there will be no report before the house for action. The report drawn up by the chairman will be signed by himself and Messrs. Oates, Eden and Hall, all democrats. Rainey has secured the signatures of Messrs. Millard, Hanback and McFatt, all republicans, to his report, while Hale, democrat, has presented his views in an individual report. Chairman Boyle's report will not be made public before Thursday.

In the report signed by republican members testimony is cited to show how the Pan Electric company was organized, and three and a half millions of its stock given to gentlemen for the use of their name and reputation. The opinion of Senator Garland, declaring that the Rogers patents do not infringe upon the Bell patent, is quoted, with the statement that it had been gotten because the Pan Electric could not sell rights, and it was intended to be an inducement which led large numbers of persons to pay in money, part of which was divided among Garland and his associates. At the same time the Pan Electric knew that their instruments did infringe on the Bell patent. The report then refers to the postal telegraph bill as explaining the motives of the Pan Electric managers, and states that two in Boston if stock was held by men here of congress. When it was expected that the bill would be rejected to legislation it is charged that the Pan Electric people, including Garland, tried to get congressional endorsement for the scheme, and evidence is cited where it touches upon the effort to secure the appointment of young Rogers as house electrician. It is alleged that Senators Garland and Harris, and General Johnston used themselves personally to accomplish this.

The report then remarks on the sale of state rights to sub-companies, and says "The Bell company sued the sub-companies, and the Pan Electric company declined to defend on the ground that it had no money. Thereupon they determined to secure the ruin of the United States to bring suit against the Bell company to frighten it and drive it to buy peace so they obtained permission which they wanted it and as they wanted it, without any preliminary examination worthy of name—without the usual investigation and in defiance of all rules and practices of the department, and in direct disregard of a decision made within a month by its head. Had all the facts developed before the committee been known at that time, says the report, the department of justice would have driven these patentees from the doors for public sentiment, would have construed it to do so.

The report, in commenting upon Garland's share in the transaction declares that if he had made the inquiries he ought to have made, he could not have granted the application within twenty four hours and without reference. It is alleged that so far from making a careful examination of the subject, he never even read the petition.

"Taking all these things together, says the report, "it does not admit of doubt that the solicitor general, acting as attorney general was by some means led to grant this application without the usual reference or inquiry, without any pretense of competent examination, with unexampled speed, and in violation of the practice of the department. In an ordinary case such action would be held to be positive proof of fraud, at least proof of gross negligence which in a person of his position, is equivalent to fraud. Upon these facts, none of which can be disputed, no jury would hesitate. It is enough, however, to say that it cannot be tolerated that the business of the government can be so conducted. It cannot escape observation that Senator Harrison and Mr. Casey Young acted just as men would act if already assured of what was being sought and did not rely on the solicitor general to make easily accessible for on the assumption that he understood the matter in advance, and had predetermined his course of action."

The report then recurs to the subject of the opinion furnished by the attorney general to charges that it was written with a view to deceive people in the southwest, and says that it was a shrewd view that people so believed but that he (the attorney general) did not. The report goes on: "The best that can be said of it is that he lent himself to the scheme because he got his stock for nothing. He had not strength to deny what his associates asked, nor to return the stock and cease to be an associate. He had not the boldness to do, personally, what they thought was a fair service for the stock he kept, but it was done by his department, in such a thing never was done before. The pleas is that the parties concerned did not think they were doing wrong. But the government, which expects to be respected, cannot permit such things to be done, such influence to be sought for, or such personal interests to exist and avail. It is enough for the person ally interested, who ought to have examined it, to say they did nothing and meant to do nothing."

The report stimulates the expenses of the Pan Electric monopoly at no less than $500,000.

MINORITY REPORT BY HALE.

Hale of Missouri makes a minority report, in which he says that while he concurs in many of the statements and conclusions of that portion of the committee represented by Chairman Boyle, yet he cannot concur in everything it contains. To such information of the Pan Electric company the evidence shows conclusively, says the report, that it was a purely speculative adventure, and evidence could not be found to prove that the gentlemen connected with Rogers ever anticipated or intended that their official positions would or should be used in any way to affect legislation or otherwise to further the advance their ends price. The opinion of Attorney General Garland, it is held by Hale, was like that of any other attorney employed by an individual. It does not appear that it was intended to further the sales of stock without disclosing his relations to the company, nor that any person deceived or misled by it. As to the attorney general's connection with the suit, the report finds that the evidence is overwhelming and conclusive in showing that he has not in any way whatever to do with it.

WASHINGTON NEWS ITEMS.

THE GENERAL DEFICIENCY BILL

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The general deficiency appropriation bill reported to the house fails to appropriate the $1,500,000 necessary to meet the expense of government transportation over non-subsidized branches of land grant railroads. The senate under the head of Central Pacific railroad included an item of $750,000 from the war department for transportation of troops and supplies during the present fiscal year. The postoffice department also sent in an item of $161,173 on the same account during the next fiscal year. The postoffice department also sent in an item of $616,734 for mail transportation over the same branches. Auditor Wilkins was heard before the committee, and explained that these appropriations were made necessary by a decision of the supreme court to the effect that compensation could not be withheld from a railroad on account of service performed on non-subsidized branch lines. The committee, however, has disallowed the items on grounds that the real issue has never been investigated in court, and that the government has a right to set off as against the claims of the company, millions of dollars annually paid by the government on account of interest on railroad bonds.

NEW ASSISTANT SECRETARY.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—William L. Smith, assistant secretary of the treasury, has tendered his resignation to the president, to take effect July 1. The president has selected as his successor Hugh S. Thompson, governor of South Carolina, and will send his nomination to the senate to-morrow. Thompson is said to be a man of ability, and in entire accord with the president's policy on all public questions. He has been prominently identified with the educational interests of his state and is now serving his second term as its governor. He has resigned that office and expects to be able to assume the duties of his new office as soon as confirmed. Smith said to-day that he relinquished his present position voluntarily and with the best feeling toward the president and all his associates, only on his own interests.

PENSION FOR EX-WAR PRISONER.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Senator Dolph to-day introduced a bill granting a pension of $50 a month to Mrs. Wright, wife and daughter of Lieut. George Wright, who during the war commanded the forces in California, and who, it is said, while on his return from an official visit to the steamer Brother Jonathan, Mrs. Owens, brother of Fort Bragg, was killed during the Modoc war. She is the only surviving child of Gen. Wright.

BILLS SIGNED AND VETOED.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The president has signed the act to legalize the incorporation of mutual trades unions, and the act granting the franking privilege to Julia D. Grant and another to remove the political disabilities of J. C. Breckinridge, of Mississippi, and ten miscellaneous bills, including the bill to pension the widow of Gen. Thomas Ruckle, Semmes. The president has vetoed two private pension bills.

LOGS NOT AN OFFICE MUCH.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The endorsement of President Cleveland's administration by Oregon does not pan out much, after all. The democratic governor-elect has written a letter to friends in this city, in which he distinctly denies that the administration question entered into the contest at all, but says the Chinese question was the only issue upon which the battle was fought and won.

AN AFFIDAVIT TO OVERRULE A VETO.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The invalid pension committee of the house to-day considered the presidential veto messages. They were referred back to a subcommittee and it is the present intention to select the strongest and most meritorious cases, and make an attempt to pass them over the veto.

MANNING MUCH IMPROVED.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Secretary Manning, who is still at Hot Springs, Va., telegraphs to friends as follows: "Contradict the story in the New York *World* to-day, about my health. I am much better than when I left Washington."

ASSISTANT CLERK THE 45TH.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The senate passed the House bill laid over the president's veto by a vote of 44 to 16.

GOLD

A Large Increase in the Precious Metals Received.

San Francisco Chronicle

The United States mint is now closed to the public. Its annual clean up, and to count out a prevailing impression that the product of precious metals on this coast is on the decrease the Selby Smelting and Lead company has issued a circular containing a comparative statement from the mint records of the gold coinage of the San Francisco mint for the first eleven months of the fiscal years 1885-6 and 1886-87, which shows the coinage during those months as follows:

	1885-6.	1886-7.
Double eagles	$1 100 000	$6 000 000
Eagles	0 000	0 000
Half eagles	1 0 000	1 0 000
Total	$2 1 000	$8 0 000

For the corresponding period in 1883-84 the coinage was $16,911,000, thus showing an increase in 1886-87 over 1883-84 of $3,000,000 and in 1885-86 over 1883-84 of $5,000,000 over the previous fiscal year.

The Selby smelting and lead company has the only gold and silver refinery on this coast outside of the United States mint, and during the eleven months ending with May 1886 it deposited with the mint in fine gold the following sums:

January	$ 800 1
February	1 0
March	1 0
April	0
May	1 0
June	1 0
July	1 0
August	1 0
September	1 0
October	1 0
November	1 0
Total	$ 5 0

The officials of the Selby company are confident that the coming fiscal year will show a still greater increase in the production of the precious metals in this state.

THE EAST.

Rousseau's Report on the Panama Canal.

MANNING WILL POSITIVELY RETIRE

New Hampshire Democracy in Convention—A Strange Story from Illinois—Another Version of the Affair from Colombia

NEW YORK, June 29.—The *Herald* says: The text of the report of M. Rousseau on the De Lesseps canal company has at last been officially promulgated. Our Paris correspondent sends us its substance by cable. While it now by no means justifies the extravagant assurances of De Lesseps to the public that it would exhibit fully reasonable ground as a basis for a lottery loan of 600,000 francs, neither does it positively condemn the proposition, as has been asserted, in business quarters, though the fact that the majority of public works has prepared and presented a bill to authorize the lottery since the report came into possession, was a warrant to infer that its intent was not altogether unfavorable. Rousseau thinks that De Lesseps's idea of completion in 1888 is "more than probable," without alteration of the present engineering plans and even granting money without limit. As to the money, in a vague kind of way he advises some indefinite plan of governmental aid—different in support being the only open to the dissentient specifics,—declaring that the abandonment of the canal by M. De Lesseps company would not only be a "terrible disaster" to the French share owners and bondholders, but a set to French influence in America, and says that foreigners would surely take up the enterprise. Unless, however, the government can control the plans and contracts, he does not deem a financial guaranty prudent in consideration of the uncertain chance of the investment ever being pecuniarily profitable. It appears that a very large majority of the members of the committee having the government's bill in charge are inclined to an adverse report, and many of them feel sure that the bill will be defeated, and France kept out of international complications touching this canal.

MANNING WILL POSITIVELY RETIRE.

NEW YORK, June 29.—*Herald's* Albany special: Among the best informed politicians here it has been known for a long time that Secretary Manning has been using every honorable means for six months to retire from the cabinet. To his most intimate friends the secretary has made complaint, that instead of finding the treasury department a field for great executive work, it has proven for him simply a clerical position, whose most important and trying exaction was signing his own name. Six months' trial of this irksome and annoying place has convinced the secretary that his sphere of usefulness was circumscribed, as the president was determined to follow Andrew Jackson's policy and reduce his cabinet officers to the level of mere clerks. One of Manning's most intimate friends said this evening: "Manning will retire from the cabinet, no matter whether his health is improved or no. He went into the cabinet against his own judgment. Cleveland would never have appointed him had not Tilden or dered him to do so, nor would Manning have accepted the position had it not been at Tilden's request. Secretary Manning has been forced to explain to his friends who had wanted favors done that he was tired of asking the president to render some service to his party. With a month to a week a letter conveying this impression to Manning's police from the first has been to regard party men but every approach toward the president on that head has been met with coldness and discouragement and positive indifference."

NEW HAMPSHIRE DEMOCRATS.

CONCORD, N. H., June 29.—The democratic convention was called to order this morning by the chairman of the state committee. A large number of delegates and spectators were present.

A resolution expressing sympathy with Governor Stone in his Panama railroad struggle was unanimously adopted and it declared the home rule right of states to regulate their domestic affairs to be the democratic doctrine upon which the nation is founded.

The platform pledges support to President Cleveland's administration and congratulates him upon its success. declares levelling the duties as set forth in the last democratic national platform to the federal taxation shall be exercised for public purposes only and shall not exceed the needs of the government, economically administered and readjustment of the tariff is asked for on that basis. It insists that the rights of labor be fostered and that all laws prejudicial to labor be repealed as far as the principle of arbitration in the settlement of differences between labor and capital demands a ten hour law and weekly payments in all manufacturing establishments.

The first ballot for governor resulted in the nomination of Thomas Cogswell, of Germantown. A resolution was adopted indorsing the policies of President Cleveland and Congressmen Morrison and Mills and their democratic colleague, to revise existing tariff laws.

A STRANGE STORY.

CHICAGO, June 29.—Charles H. Fox of Rockford, Ills., has brought suit in the circuit court of this city against Hon. H. Prince who was on the city ticket during the mayoralty of Harrison, and has never been heard from since. When Price left he was the owner of planing mill property in this city worth about $ 0,000 which he left in care of his brother in law George W. Noble, who was to conduct the same in trust and pay off the indebtedness. The complaint alleges that Noble was poor when he assumed the management of the business and that it was always the belief of the Price family that the father was foully dealt with. It gives as his belief that the death was caused through a conspiracy in which Noble, Walker and Noble were implicated, and that as a result Noble, by forged securities, managed to secure possession of all the Price estate. Noble died December 15, 1885, leaving the estate of which Wm. Eaton and Gilbert Noble are administrators.

BROTHERHOOD OF RAILWAY POSTAL CLERKS.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 29.—A meeting of the grand lodge of the Brotherhood of Railway Postal Clerks will be held in this city on Friday which promises to be largely attended. Articles have been received from all subordinate lodges, with few exceptions, stating that their representatives will be present. The object is to select a committee to visit Washington and wait on the postmaster general for the purpose of procuring from him a definite statement as to what the clerks may expect in future as to their official tenure. An officer of the brotherhood states that this committee will surely be sent, despite the act on a ready taken by the dept in removing clerks, and the intention of the organization will not be changed even if further removals be made before the meeting of Friday.

BEECHER RETURNS TO LONDON.

NEW YORK, June 29.—Henry Ward Beecher and wife Beecher arrived in London to-day. They were met at the depot by Dr. Parker, pastor of the City temple and his wife, and given a most enthusiastic greeting. Dr. Parker led Mrs. Beecher to his carriage and Beecher followed with Mrs. Parker. The party were at once taken to Parker's house in St. John's Wood where being in good health, but says he intended to rest before returning to preaching. He is out to-day of the great ovation enjoyed by him at first upon yesterday's landing in Gladstone's dominions, and if watching the outcome of the next nuisance.

STATEMENT BY MR. STEPHENSON'S SON.

CHARLES, Ky., June 29.—Charles D. Jacobs of the minister to Colombia, reached home last night. From his statement of his father's trouble with Consul Kingan, at Bogota, it is gathered that King attacked him viciously in a newspaper, and that afterward, when he called him to account for it, King replied mockingly and insultingly, and Mr. Jacobs angrily slapped his face. In the fight which followed it is stated that the consul was soundly thrashed by the minister.

COL. FOLSOM'S WILL.

NEW YORK, June 29.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: The will of late Col. J. B. Folsom, of London, Ohio, was offered for probate yesterday. The property amounts in value to $150,000. The will divides the property among his eight grandchildren, share and share alike. Thus it will be seen that unless his property increases in value as it is expected to do the president's wife will only receive $20,000, instead of $ 0,000 as was reported.

THE TOWNSEND WILL CASE.

NEW ORLEANS, June 29.—In the famous Kate Townsend will case Judge Houston to-day rendered a decision decreeing the will of Kate Townshend in favor of Trolsville Sykes null and void, because Sykes was guilty of ingratitude (he having killed Kate Townsend) and thereby forfeited all benefits under the will giving judgment in favor of the state of Louisiana, and decreeing the state to be heir at law of the deceased.

BELLIGERENT CARPENTERS.

CHICAGO, June 29.—Squads of union carpenters belonging to what is known as the socialist branch of the carpenters union went to those establishments where carpenters in the employ of contractors who have refused to employ union men are working ten hours. Three of the assaulted men are seriously injured. No arrests have been made by the police.

TRAINS STILL MOVING.

CHICAGO, June 29.—The Lake Shore company this morning had 250 police and Pinkerton men armed with Winchester rifles, taking possession of the switching yards. By 10 o'clock two long freights had been made up and started south carrying strong armed guards, but met no obstruction.

LAID TO REST.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., June 29.—The funeral of Judge Davis occurred here this afternoon. The Episcopal service was read at the house, after which a very large concourse, including a large number of representatives and many members of the state judiciary, accompanied the remains to the grave.

COLD SHIPMENTS.

NEW YORK, June 29.—The engagements for gold shipment this week have already reached $ 1,000.

SPORTING NOTES.

AT CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, June 29.—Another day of delightful weather at Washington park, very large attendance, and racing first-class in every particular on a fast track, the only incident to mar the day being the fall of Bootblack and Kansas in the fourth race, resulting in horse breaking his leg and having to be shot, and the rider who rode him being badly stunned by the fall.

One and one-sixteenth miles—Jim Douglas won, Jim Gray second, Exile third, time, 1 47. Mutuals paid $2 60.

Mile—Clone E. won, Warfellow second, Ed Gilliam, third, time 1 44. Mutuals paid the field $13 50.

Lakeside stakes, five-eighths of a mile—Wary won, Gracie D second, Nellie C third, time, 1 02½. Mutuals paid $28 00.

Mile heats—Bootblack won, Billy Gilmore second, Sovereign Pat third, time, 1 45½. Mutuals paid $27 80.

Second heat—Billy Gilmore won, Bootblack second, Sovereign Pat third time, 1 42½. Mutuals paid the field $9 50.

Third heat—Billy Gilmore won, Bootblack second, time, 1 44. Mutuals paid $11 30.

Steeplechase, short course—Wellington won, Leephains second, Worth third, no time. Mutuals paid $12 60.

RACES AT SHEEPSHEAD BAY.

NEW YORK, June 29.—The largest attendance of the season at Sheepshead bay was that of today.

For three year olds and upwards three-quarters mile—Fortune won, Little Minch second, Bendoin third, time, 1 18½.

For three year olds, seven-eighths mile—Refrain won, Pontico second, Kalunah third time 1 28½.

For two-year-olds, selling sweepstakes, three-quarters mile—Electricity won, Nat Goodwin second, Al Reed third time, 1 18½.

Special match race for a purse of $1000, one and a quarter miles—Troubadour took the lead at the start and held it to the finish, winning by one and a half lengths. Miss Woodford second, time 2 08. Betting was four to five on Miss Woodford, and even money against Troubadour.

Four non winners one and a quarter miles—Arctic won, Buffalo second, Heel and Toe third, time, 2 09¾.

Selling sweepstakes one and one eighth miles—Herbert won, Uhlan second, War Eagle third, time, 1 54.

THE TURFMAN WINS.

MIDDLEBURG, Mass., June 29.—The Eastern yacht club regatta came off here to-day. At 9 A. M. the signal officer reported: "The wind is from the west to northwest blowing from the west at the morning gun four to sixteen miles an hour, squally, fresh wind." The yachts started at 12 30 P. M. The Priscilla crossed the line first, Puritan second, Mayflower third, Puritan fourth. There was a very stiff breeze from the west.

12 54 P. M.—The Priscilla leads the fleet by a half mile, the Mayflower and the Puritan are sailing. The yachts rounded the first stake boat as follows: Priscilla 12 39, Puritan 1 39, Mayflower 1 4. The wind is still blowing a regular gale.

The Priscilla rounded the second stake boat at the Puritan at 2 10.

The yachts rounded the stake boat on the last run of the race in the following order: Priscilla and Mayflower, the last named just gaining on the others.

The Puritan wins by five minutes, Priscilla second and Mayflower third.

AT KALAMAZOO.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., June 29.—At the meeting of the Ohio, Indiana and Michigan circuit to-day the first race was the trot for a purse of $500. Alix 1 1 1 by Gov. Stanford, of Menlo Park, first money, time, 2 23.

BASEBALL.

CHICAGO, June 29.—Detroits, Washingtons.

ST. LOUIS, June 29.—St. Louis 4, Boston 11.

KANSAS CITY, June 29.—Kansas City, —, New

RAILROAD NOTES.

ANOTHER CUT IN RATES THREATENED.

PITTSBURG, June 29.—A special from Cresson, Pa., says: The Central traffic association met here to-day and discussed passenger freight business. The meeting will be continued to-morrow when the lodge will consider tariff to be charged G. A. R. men to San Francisco. There is grave danger of the Trunk line cutting rates unless the companies can meet an agreement.

CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

A NEGRO BEING LYNCHED.

GAINESVILLE, Tex., June 29.—Ed Williams, a powerful negro, was lynched here this morning for an attempted outrage upon an estimable lady of this city—a Mrs. Cook—last Friday night.

Caught on the Bound.

W. A. Drolliner in Washington Post.

I asked James G. Blaine, the day after the Burchard "Rum, Romanism and Rebellion" incident, why it was that he did not report on the set and condemn the utterance as an unfortunate one. "Because," he said, "I thought nobody had noticed it. There were three or four little speeches by other clergymen after Burchard's and nobody took any notice of his lapse, which I felt was a blunder at the moment it was uttered. Now, I notice it, I thought to myself, I will recall what has probably passed into oblivion. So I let it slide." I have been told that the New York *World* had the villous phrase in type before Mr. Blaine's disastrous caucus of 600 ladies had adjourned.

Prognosticating the Future.

New York Tribune.

First, Mr. Cleveland is aware that he could not get the democratic nomination in 1888 if he want ed it second, he is precluded, by his own formal declaration against a second term, from accepting it if he could get it. In 1888 the democracy will naturally be looking for a man on whom they can unite. Cleveland has shown himself not to be that man. If the party were to be looking for a man on whom they could most successfully divide, why then Cleveland would be renominated unanimously by acclamation on the first ballot—if not earlier.

Is It Really Consumption?

When a case supposed to be rapid at first disease, weak; one of liver complaint and indigestion but most that diseased liver can be restored to healthy action it will so clog the lungs with corruption, as after as to bring on their speedy decay and then indeed we have consumption which is scrofula of the lungs in its worst form. Nothing can be more happily calculated to nip this danger in the bud than Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery." By druggists.

GENERAL NEWS.

Another Opium Seizure at San Francisco.

TWO BIG FIRES IN CALIFORNIA.

Beecher and Gladstone's First Meeting—Mrs. Mackay Dines the Prince of Wales—Fight With Burmese Rebels.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—John Grant and Fred Brand were arrested last night by Colin T. Fogarty, Collector Hagen's secretary, as they were leaving the house on Brannan street of Mrs. Mary Silver, one of the lady inspectors in the custom house. The men carried a valise, in which was found forty cans of opium, worth about $600. It is stated that Mrs. Silver, who is a widow with four children, has been in the habit of concealing opium in her clothing and carrying it ashore from different vessels, and then disposing of it through the men arrested. Extraordinary developments are expected.

Mrs. Silver was suspended this afternoon from the customs service and arrested on a warrant sworn out by surveyor Tinnin, bail being set at $1000. Grant and Brand were taken before United States Commissioner Sawyer and held to answer. Grant furnished bonds, but Brand was unable to do likewise. Mrs. Alice Griffin, stewardess of the steamship Gaelic, was also arrested this afternoon in charge of being concerned in smuggling opium with the others previously arrested to-day.

RAILWAY EMBEZZLEMENT.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—Private detectives have just concluded working up the case of the embezzlement of between 150,000 to 200,000 grain sacks, valued at $1,500 from the Union street warehouse prior to 1884. The guilt has been placed on Edward H. Cawley, who, up to the time stated was foreman of the warehouse. The detectives have located Cawley in San Luis Obispo. He will be arrested at once.

A dispatch was received to-day announcing the arrest of Cawley in San Luis Obispo. One of the detectives to-day traced about $4000 in certificates, payable at the San Luis Obispo bank, which had been procured by Cawley at several banks here.

EXPIATED HIS CRIME.

STOCKTON, June 29.—Iza Finley French, who murdered Peter Wells at Oleata, Amador county, March 14, 1884, was hanged here this afternoon in the jail yard. French joined the Catholic church ten days ago. At 8 this morning the last rites of the church were administered to him. He ate and smoked this morning, and was cheerful to the last, but regretted the end of himself and his victim. He had nothing to say on the scaffold. The drop broke his neck, and there was no struggling. He was buried immediately from St. Mary's church.

INSURRECTIONARY FIRE AT AUTLAN.

AUTLAN, June 29.—The entire business portion of this town was destroyed by fire at about 1 this morning. The fire started in the rear of the Eureka hotel and swept both sides of Main street, taking everything in its path. Jopp & Martin's fire proof building, the postoffice, Hale hotel Eureka and Exchange hotels and Odd Fellows hall, were among the buildings burned. The loss will reach $ 0,000, partly insured.

FIRE AT SAN BERNARDINO.

SAN BERNARDINO, June 29.—Evans's livery and feed stables, on Third street, were destroyed by fire at 12 o'clock last night, together with thirteen frame buildings. Three stallions, the finest in the country, and a number of cattle were burned to death. Loss, about $15,000, partially insured.

MORE HONORS FOR CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—The first race at Chicago, mile and sixteenth, was won by Jim Higgins, the California horse, in 1

The Oregonian.

PORTLAND WEDNESDAY JUNE 30 1886

ASPECTS OF THE LIQUOR QUESTION IN OREGON

If the fight against the liquor traffic, which promises to be a leading issue before the people of this state in the near future were to be carried on solely by the comparatively small class who regard the manufacture sale and consumption of intoxicating drinks as criminal per se there would be small need for the liquor dealers to be disturbed about the matter As a class prohibitionists are men wholly absorbed in this one question, and having brought themselves to regard drunkenness as the one great crime, inasmuch as it is the instigator and promoter of all the others and by a strange process of reasoning to look upon total abstinence as the one chief virtue, they are willing, for the time, at least to make sacrifice of every other consideration to attain their desired end To such men the qualifications of candidates their capacity, or even their integrity, are of little moment provided they be committed in favor of prohibition Experience has pretty plainly shown that such men as a rule are not able either to devise or formulate such legislation as will accomplish their purpose or any other good purpose. Deriding and denouncing as infamous compromises and bargains with sinful efforts to restrain and regulate the traffic, they set up their standard and write upon it 'Prohibition or nothing' and not unfrequently have they deliberately lent their aid to the advocates of "free whisky" in defeating salutary measures for the restriction of the traffic.

Fortunately for the world these are not the only men who are likely to take a hand in this fight there is a class of men, a numerous and influential class, who do not consider it necessarily a crime against God or their fellow man either to make or use alcoholic liquors, provided the use be not to excess, who nevertheless are not blinded to the evils resulting from their immoderate use, nor to the great danger that their constant use will result in excess and ruin and who, as a measure of prudence for themselves or for the benefit of others, abstain entirely from their use Like St. Paul they distinguish between things "lawful" and things "expedient," and are willing to relinquish their rights under the law when reason or experience shows them that it is 'not expedient' to insist upon them Such men naturally hesitate to give their support to measures looking to the suppression of the traffic, while they are entirely willing to put upon it such restrictions as good order and decency require

In their endeavors to promote the public good by so regulating and restraining the trade in intoxicating drinks as to reduce the evil effects to the minimum, they are joined by another but entirely different class of citizens who are neither by principle or practice teetotallers. It can here indicate in two of these are perhaps stronger than either of the former classes They see no reason why they should deny themselves the enjoyment of pleasure regarded the sale of whisky per se with injury to themselves or their neighbors They for the most part deprecate drunkenness but lay the entire fault of that vice at the door of the individual As a rule they look upon the prohibition movement as a strong test of what is called loosely in the interest of public order and liberty and are perfectly willing to let the law hunt its victims and to see personal and sometimes private rights trampled upon, but the business men in respect to this

The breach of the peace and disorderly conduct may be fairly assumed to be the result of nine tenths of our state expenditure for drunkenness, vagrancy and criminal classes In presenting as they do opinions so diverse to the district it would seem to be unfortunate that a condition of affairs that would enable them to unite in one solid party to the suppression of the liquor traffic But such a union is impossible, nor is the event, if we may trust present indications, very far in the future and strange to say, the liquor dealers themselves have done more to bring about such a union than an army of temperance lecturers could have effected

To those who are accustomed to look only upon the surface of things, it has been a matter of great surprise that the liquor-dealing fraternity should, by their impertinent and offensive intermeddling in the late political contests, run the risk of arousing a united public sentiment against them and their peculiar industry It is possible that they may have failed to count the cost that they underrated the effect their conduct would have upon those classes from whom they had hitherto received a greater or less degree of toleration But even with a full knowledge of the result, it is more than probable that they would have followed the same line of conduct, braving the consequences And if no other question than their own interest were to be considered they would have been perfectly justified in so doing

It is probable that no other pursuit embraces so great a variety of individual character, or so many degrees of intelligence, wealth and social and business standing as the liquor business From the millionaire distiller of 'favorite brands down to the lowest dive keeper,' every possible shade of personal character and gradation of respectability—or the lack of it—is represented It can hardly be denied that among them are men of culture and refinement, of tried integrity of high standing in social and business circles who are the respectable citizens of their communities Between these and the lowest type of dissolute and dissipated humanity between the gentleman and the loafer, between the orderly frequenter of the saloon and the drunken rowdy, there exists a wide difference and it is but fair to acknowledge that many of the liquor dealers are perfectly

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

S. L. N. GILMAN, C. M. STEVENS.

GILMAN & CO.,

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

No. 1 N. Front St., cor. First and Ash.

AUCTION SALES of Real Estate, Furniture, General Merchandise, Buggies, etc., Regularly at 10 o'clock A. M. Tuesday & Fridays.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE

—OF—

Household Furniture, etc.

We shall on THIS (Wednesday) MORNING, at 10 o'clock A. M., at No. 42 First st., between Ash and Pine sts., sell a large assortment of Furniture, Carpets, Crockery, Mirrors, Feather Beds, Bedding, Mattresses, Oil Cloths, Matting, Lounges, Chairs, Tables, Bedsteads, Stoves, Kitchen Utensils, etc., etc.

MERCHANDISE.

GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER—Office No. 12 Washington st.

GRAND

[illegible]

Arrangements have been made by the citizens for a

GRAND CELEBRATION

AT PORTLAND

July 3d & 5th

In honor of the usual Fourth of July

Trains to and from Portland will be run on very low rates from all points on the O. R. & N. Co.'s road from July 1st to 7th inclusive.

ON SATURDAY, JULY 3d,

there will be

Racing at City View Park

[illegible]

ON MONDAY, JULY 5th,

A GRAND PARADE

INCLUDING THE

MILITARY FROM VANCOUVER,

Militia from Other Parts of the State,

And Local Organizations,

WITH FULL BRASS BAND.

REGATTA

in the Afternoon consisting of Shell Rowing and Racing, swimming etc.

IN THE EVENING,

A GRAND FINALE CONSISTING OF

RIVER PARADE

In which at least 200 Boats will participate Illuminated with various Grand and Costly Lights and a Display of

FIREWORKS!

[illegible]

Committee of Arrangements.

[illegible]

Open and Evening during our premises determined to sell at a [illegible] stock of Choice [illegible] Embroideries, [illegible] Misses and Infants' Wear, NEXT THIRTY DAYS.

GRAND

Clearance Sale

[illegible]

Goods in every department have been [illegible] possible in order to [illegible] to carry them over to [illegible]

L. KATZ,

LACE HOUSE.

3 Washington St., bet. First and Second, Labbe Block.

Business College

N. W. Yamhill Sts., A. P. Armstrong, Prin.

[illegible] evening with [illegible] Penmanship, Writing, [illegible] Bookkeeping, Business Forms, etc. Call or send for circular. Instruction by application. Correspondence executed to order.

SHORTHAND and TYPE-WRITING SCHOOL

Gertrude Holmes, Principal.

[illegible] Yamhill street, [illegible] Practical Shorthand, day and evening sessions. Thorough Teaching a specialty. Typewriting [illegible] all [illegible] obtained at [illegible]

PORTLAND BOILER WORKS,

[illegible] STEAMBOAT and other work of all descriptions. [illegible] Thirteenth and Wasco sts., Portland.

MILLINERY

AT THE LOWEST PRICES

and the Choicest Stock in Portland, at

MISS A. JOSEPHINE'S,

[illegible] Yamhill street, next to Ladd & Tilton's Bank.

OREGON CLOTHING MFG. CO.

No. 2 NORTH FIRST STREET, Portland.

McMillen's addition Mass Portland.

The Oregonian.

ASTRONOMICAL REPORT

PORTLAND, June 29, 1886.

Place of Observation	Height of Barometer	Change in last 24 hours	Temperature	Direction of Wind	Velocity of Wind	Rain in last 24 hours
Portland	30.05	—.01	71	W	00	0.00
Astoria	30.07	0	58	W	4	0.00
Roseburg	30.10	.01	63	W	00	0.00
Red Bluff	29.88	—.10	82	SE	00	0.00
San Francisco	29.97	—.03	72	NW	20	0.00
Independence	30.08	.00	72	NW	00	0.00
Spokane	30.22	.00	68	NW	00	0.00
Walla Walla	30.09	—.02	78	E	00	0.00
Lewiston	29.94	—.06	80	SW	00	0.00
Kalama			71	NW	10	0.00
Port Townsend						

Minimum thermometer 54 Maximum 84

Rise at 4:31 A. M. Set at 8:14 P. M.

OUTGOING PASSENGERS

The steamship Columbia, sailing hence carries the following passengers:

[illegible] Wilson	Dr Carpenter
[illegible] Adams	F P Deming
[illegible] Lee	B Franklin
[illegible] Schwatteeher & dr	S Lipman & wife
[illegible] Minnie Albert Stone	Mrs S J Stone
[illegible] Annie Stone	Miss Clara Beck
[illegible] F E Loewe	Mrs Mollie Hingan
[illegible] Graf & dr	Mrs Stone
[illegible] Hall	Miss B Tarnsen
[illegible] Nicholson	H Grozminger
[illegible] Noland	J Mitchell
[illegible] Parsons	F Nachman
[illegible] Smith	B Katz
[illegible] Hyde	Miss Story
[illegible] Friedman & wife	Miss McDonnell
[illegible] Sadie Lyons	Miss Mollie Aldrich
[illegible] Saunders	G W Gilmore
[illegible] Warner	Mrs Stoneberger & ch
[illegible] Gerichten	Miss A J Birch
[illegible] Cooper	Charles Hallot
[illegible] Hubbard	L Rosenhund
[illegible] Hall	M Claybrugh
[illegible] Schwartz	Miss Schwartz
[illegible] A Wodecks & ch	Mrs K Kennedy
[illegible] Rodgers	J A Fisher
[illegible] Woodward	Mrs L Hart nan
[illegible] F E Thayer	Mrs Addie Thayer
[illegible] Stubblefield	H D Lathrop
[illegible] Gilmore	L J Ager
[illegible] Jenson	James S Smith
[illegible] L Lyon	Mrs Kitty Williams
[illegible] Pitt	J W Morse

And 36 in the steerage.

OVERLAND PASSENGERS.

Passed Huntington to arrive over the Northern Pacific: W Wagoner, J Parker, L. S. Dimick, Joseph Martin, James Collau, C W Lyon and wife, Fred Brown, Miss A J Campbell, Miss Sabe Campbell, Mrs. L Kaufman, R Kaufman, F C Corbin, T. H. Kennard, Miss I E Pool, A R Ready, Miss C M Fisher, Rt. Rev A J Gilmour, J H McIntyre, M T Fisher, and thirty-one immigrants.

Passed Huntington to arrive over the Short Line: S B Green J E Burch, T H Langley, S L Olmstead, C E Allen, H Keen, Mrs N Klein, Mrs. Young, Dr W F. Waters and wife and two immigrants.

BRIEF MENTION.

The Olympian leaves for the sea to-morrow at 7:30 A. M.

Volume 20, Encyclopedia Britannica, has been received here.

The vote at La Camas was four for local option, 22 against, 89.

Kerr Smith expects to be in his new and elegant restaurant on the 4th.

Tickets good for five days on the Olympian leaving to-morrow morning.

The Judith Montefiore society will give an excursion to Lafayette Sunday.

The Transcontinental Street Railway company are laying a double track on Ninth street.

Michael Ellinger, the insane man mentioned in Tuesday's issue, was taken to the insane asylum yesterday.

A full attendance is desired at the woman's suffrage union to-day (Wednesday) at Mrs. Coe's, at 2:30.

Warrants for the payment of judges and clerks who served at the county and state election have been issued.

The public quarterly examination of teachers takes place to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock, at the High school building.

Yesterday's west bound train brought twenty-three soldiers from Columbus, Ohio. They join the Fourteenth Infantry at Vancouver.

From July 1, 1885, to June 30, 1886, inclusive, the county clerk has paid over fees collected, etc., to the county treasurer amounting to $1116.15.

George H. Durham has tendered his resignation as a member of the Republican city committee, its duties being incompatible with other duties and engagements.

Yesterday morning John Bells, Capt. Brown of the steamer, Capt. Wicks, Capt. Curtis, Capt. Johnson and Capt. Reid left for Astoria. The last four go to join their several vessels.

The three-sheet poster printed in Hebrew, hanging in Hausman & Neustadter's is not "Mat with for sale," as many ignorant persons assume; yesterday. It is one of M. B. Curtis's "Samuel of Posen" announcements.

Dr. A. Geismardo was taken to the penitentiary yesterday to serve out his sentence of three years. The doctor, on account of his sickness, had to be carried from the jail into a carriage, which took him to the train.

The grand jury was in session yesterday and transacted considerable business. It is probable that they will not be ready to report and adjourn until next Tuesday, by which time the newly elected county officers will have qualified.

The ninth annual reunion of the P. H. S. alumni will be held in the High school building Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Members of the graduating class and old graduates will be present. After the exercises, dancing and supper.

The next regular meeting of the North Pacific Coast brewers' association will be held at the council chamber on Tuesday, July 7 at 10 A. M., and 2 P. M. The usual reduction of fare on east and west side railroads. There will be addresses by prominent truthmen.

The Presbyterian Sunday school of East Portland will hold a picnic at Troy at the city park to-morrow. The children of the public schools of Albina will meet at the corner of Russell street and Union avenue at 8:30 A. M. and march to the depot, where special cars have been chartered. They will leave First and Washington streets at 10 o'clock A. M.

Flags will be presented to all children, beginning July 2, between the hours of 12 and 1 and 4 and 5 P. M., at the Boys' and Girls' Aid room on Morrison between Third and Fourth streets. No charge. Two hundred flags will be reserved for out of town children who may welcome in time.

A. C. Gardiner of McMinnville was a visitor to Portland yesterday. Mr. John Klosterman of this city and his place of business closed. The amount of the failure is $7,000. Gardiner has been running about $1,000 worth of goods. He is also connected with a McMinnville with which is connected a furniture and saloon. It is said everything about the building is covered with chattel mortgages.

Sol Lewis has sold out his saloon on the corner of Front and Ash streets, and will open another one on Morrison between Second and Third streets, where he will be pleased to meet his old friends and customers.

The Pacific Northwestern Strobel Piano Co. has removed from First street between Burnside and Couch to more commodious quarters on Morrison between Second and Third streets, where they will be pleased to meet their friends and customers.

Bedroom sets in antique oak, very well made, for sale at the lowest prices by the manufacturers, C. Schuller & Co.

New Perrodin and Steel ranges sold by the First Avenue Occidental Hotel. C. H. Wilcox, Proprietor.

Hard Photos at most reasonable prices. Howatt's Art Studio, First street. Cabinets $1. Work guaranteed.

San Francisco Chronicle, daily and weekly. Subscription agency at Browning's, 209 Morrison.

The latest popular novel—"A Fallen Idol."—by Ashley. Price 25 cents at Ed Dekum's.

For an elegant lunch or a good dinner go to Abby's, 145 First street.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

Telephone 66—Freeman's.

Ice Cream—Freeman's Oak Street.

Portland Hair Emporium, 167 Fourth.

Vienna Breakfast in Baskets—Freeman's.

WATCH PLATING—Go to Silverman's Stock Exchange.

Meals all day at special rates. Walk in. Boston Restaurant, 3 Second. The Boston.

Wanted—Wire spring beds. George M. Parker, 111 Second street. Trade supplied.

Singer's Sewing Machine Store, 161 Third st., Portland, Or., for the last 14 years.

Cheapest and best place to buy Carpets, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Mattings, Curtains, Shades, Lace Curtains, Poles, Cornices, etc., is at Schuller & Co.'s, 106 First street, between Burnside and Couch.

Fresh Extracts, the only Natural Fruit Flavors, Ices and Ice Cream Powders, Soda Water and Soda Fountains, 204 Washington street.

THE VIENNA COFFEE HOUSE

Washington street leads all. Oysters in every style.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are teething. It relieves the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cts. a bottle.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

ALLEGED OBSTRUCTION OF THE MAILS.—In the U. S. circuit court yesterday James F. Bewley, an old farmer of Yamhill county, was tried before the court without jury for obstructing the passage of the U. S. mail. J. W. Kuns, who drives stage between McMinnville and Sheridan, and two of the Bewley family had a little squabble a while back because the Bewleys were hauling some logs across the stage road, and did not do so with sufficient alacrity to suit Kuns. On the second occasion James Bewley met Kuns on the same road while driving along in a buggy and they had another tilt, and according to the state's evidence made by Bewley, Kuns, just after he passed, in two and fired two shots at him. A little girl who lives about a quarter of a mile from where the trouble occurred says she heard four shots. It is claimed on one side that each fired two shots at the other, and Kuns, to prove his story, exhibited a coat with two bullet holes in it. Bewley claims he hasn't carried a pistol or like weapon in forty years, and had two creditable witnesses swear they heard but two shots. Those he claims Kuns fired. Bewley is an old and well known citizen and bears a good reputation. The case was taken under advisement.

CRUSHED AGAIN.—At the meeting of the board of trade last night, Perkes, the orator, was again sat down on. It was during roll-call on one of the votes. When the name of Allen & Lewis was called, John C. Lewis voted. Perkesy challenged his vote. Schulze inquired of Lewis "are you a member of the firm?" and Mr. Lewis answered "none of your business." Now John C. is one of the few members who attend all the meetings, does good committee work, and is the recognized representative of the house of Allen & Lewis in the board. That Perkesy showed the bad taste to question his right to vote, nettled every one in the room except Perkesy. Some one moved that the vote be accepted. There was "second the motion" from twenty voices, and on the vote being put it was unanimous, not even Perkesy raising his voice in opposition. The great English orator did not have a word to say the remainder of the evening.

THROWN FROM A HORSE.—The return of Miss Egbert, the pianist, from New York on the 15th inst. was announced in these columns a few weeks ago. Soon after her return she went with Mr. and Mrs. John Cronin to Clatsop to enjoy a few more weeks of salt air and better prepare herself for the earnest professional work which she contemplated. Her many friends will regret to learn that during her sojourn at the seaside she was thrown from a horse by the breaking of the girth while riding, and severely injured. The young lady was brought back to the city on Saturday last, and is now under the care of Dr. H. L. Jones who has given imperative orders that, for the present she must be kept perfectly quiet.

A VAGRANT WOMAN.—An old woman who may have been noticed on the streets for the past few weeks clad in rags and carrying a well filled sack over each shoulder, was arrested last night by Policeman Buckler and sent up. Since her arrival here she has been industriously engaged in begging whisky from saloons, climbing and fell from dwellings, and has got to be a considerable nuisance. She was shipped over here from some point in Washington Territory. The city authorities will look into the matter to-day and determine what is best to be done. It is not the intention to incarcerate her in jail, but to provide her with quarters of some description and keep her off the streets. She gave her name [illegible], Blakely.

SEND A SAMPLE.—A day or two since THE OREGONIAN mentioned that not a single Columbia river shad had been seen in Portland this season. The statement was a fact as they were no good this season we kept them down here and didn't let a single specimen get away. Come down and get one, planked with his tail shaving. It is no worth while to go down on his fare chance in getting one shad. This one has a shad plank presented by Mr. George Washington Wolfe, which is three feet wide and sixty seven feet long. Just open up a room, if the shad enough to fill a plank, and if they are so good, a delegation will come down at once and eat Megler out of house and home and close up the stat[illegible] business for this season.

THE HOLIDAY SEASON EXPIRES.—About 500 persons will arrive to-day on the O. & R. R., as nearly as can be estimated, by the Christian Church excursion who will most of them take the Olympian for Astoria, Fort Canby, Ilwaco and Clatsop to-morrow (Thursday) at 8:30 A. M. The merchants and business men of Portland ought to, and will many of them show their friends and customers from the interior sufficient courtesy, and the church that has gotten up this excursion, which is of such manifest benefit to the city, a sufficient appreciation of their efforts to go with them, even though it be necessary for them to return Friday morning. A very pleasant time may be thus had as well.

SOLVENTS FOR THE CHILDREN.—The Fourth of July committee respectfully request the cooperation of the parents of school children by sending them to rehearsal for the singing exercises on the day of the celebration. There will be a rehearsal at the Masonic hall at 2 o'clock to-day (Wednesday), and one at 4 P. M. Saturday, July 3, under W. H. Simpson's supervision. The children will be properly called for. At the close of the exercises each child participating will receive a handsome souvenir. To make this feature a success the committee would like as many children as possible.

STATE SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.—There will be a mass meeting of the Sunday school workers of Oregon held in the Gospel Tabernacle, commencing Sunday, July 11, and closing Tuesday, July 13. R. F. Jacobs of Chicago, Rev. J. F. Gilbert, D. D., of Indianapolis, Rev. J. A. Wendel of Philadelphia, and Henry Plumb, Esq., of Minneapolis, all eminent Sunday school workers, will be present and take prominent parts in the work of the convention. Reduced rates have been secured over the O. & C. R. R. for those desiring to attend along the line of that road.

THE BAPTIST EXCURSION.—Celebrating in the pure open air of the country is far more enjoyable than remaining in the hot and dusty city. For this reason the young men of the Baptist church have determined to have a excursion of their own, and have chartered the White Swan for a trip to Multnomah falls. All who desire to go along will be heartily welcomed, and everything possible will be done for their comfort. Those desiring can go to the cascades without extra charge. The boat will return in time for the fireworks in the evening.

SEA MUSSES AND SHELLS.—Those going with the excursion to-day by the Christian church on the Olympian would find it to their advantage to call at the old Fredericks' curiosity store, 131 First street, and purchase a few sea mosses and shells. The extensive assortment of the above goods now in stock at this establishment, together with the reasonable prices at which they are offered, should induce a liberal patronage. Fredericks' store is the only place in the city where sea mosses can be obtained, and the proprietor has had a long experience in the business, and knows exactly what to select. Parties desiring to purchase should call at once, as the stock is limited.

NOTICE.—All members of Multnomah lodge, No. 1, I. O. O. F., are requested to meet at the lodge room, Thursday evening, July 1, at 7:30 o'clock, to attend the funeral of our late brother, Wm. Hall. By order of the N. G.

A. BUTLER, Secretary.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Jim Cox has returned from a trip to the country north of Salem.

Anton Labbe, who was stricken with paralysis some months ago, is improving slowly and the prospect is the ultimate recovery of the [illegible]. He is at present stopping on the Sauvie's Island road.

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SALEM, June 29.

Joseph Gaston vs. Philip G. Hughes; Hughes vs. Joseph Gaston; appeal dismissed in the Hughes case and decree affirmed in the Gaston case, each party to pay his own costs. Lafferty vs. Wells, Fargo & Co.; Wells vs. Marcus Neustadter; affirmed. Lafferty vs. Marcus Neustadter; affirmed, except that judgment be modified so as to allow plaintiff interest on the $1,000 from the date of the verdict. Opinions by Thayer, J. Lafferty and Lord, JJ., dissenting. Petition for rehearing filed. Argued and submitted. Thayer, J.

A Tin Unmitigated Blessing.

Mr. [illegible] Hall, corner of Fourth and Yamhill streets, suffered for years with a terrible cough. Had consumption in its first stages. Tried all kinds of cough medicines, but could get no relief. Was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. Got relief at once. Continued its use for a few weeks and was entirely cured. Has not had a cough since. Is confident it saved his life. Is now selling a large stock of this medicine, and has no hesitation in recommending it to all. Trial bottles free at Ankeny & Vollum's drug store. Regular size $1.

When Baby was sick we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children she gave them Castoria.

A BLUNDER CORRECTED.

The Board of Trade Expunge from the Record the Anti Forfeiture Resolutions.

Last night a special meeting of the board of trade was held in answer to the call published in THE OREGONIAN of Monday and Tuesday. Vice-President Dodd presided, and there was a large attendance of members, the room being crowded.

Secretary Arnold read the call for the meeting.

Paul Schulze asked the secretary to read the names of "many others" signed to the call.

The chair stated that five members were sufficient to call a meeting, and decided Mr. Schulze's request out of order. Mr. Schulze appealed from the decision of the chair, which was sustained.

Hon. D. P. Thompson offered the following preamble and resolutions and moved their adoption:

WHEREAS, A special meeting of this board was called for the 24th of the present month to consider the matter of rendering aid to the sufferers by the recent fire at Vancouver Barracks, British Columbia, which meeting was held in pursuance of such call; and,

WHEREAS, At such meeting resolutions were introduced and passed protesting against the forfeiture of the land grant to the Northern Pacific railroad company appertaining to the unexpected portion of the Cascade branch of said company's road; and,

WHEREAS, No previous notice had been given to the members present at such meeting, and no notice whatever had been given to those not present, that the subject of said resolutions would be presented or considered at such meeting; and

WHEREAS, Article I of the constitution of this board provides that no business shall be transacted at a special meeting other than that for which a meeting may be called; and

WHEREAS, The said resolutions do not represent the wishes and feelings of a majority of this board; therefore be it

Resolved, That the secretary of this board be and he hereby is directed to expunge said resolutions and the preamble from the records of said meeting.

Be it further resolved, That the president of the board of trade transmit by telegraph these preamble and resolutions to the president of the senate, the speaker of the house of representatives, Senator Dolph, Senator Mitchell and Representative Hermann.

A. C. A. Perkes said that the meeting of the 4th was not illegal.

Mr. Thompson, in support of his motion, declared that the matter had not had full consideration; that the resolution was sprung on the board without notice of any kind; that the rules of the board were not complied with; that only a few members were present, and that the passage of the resolution looked like a trick.

Mr. Schulze answered that there was no attempt to trick us, and regarded the insinuation as unjust and uncalled for. Several members of the board were present who were also at the meeting of the 4th, and he would be glad to hear from them. He claimed that the object for the present meeting was insufficient, because it did not state specifically the purpose of the meeting. The resolutions offered by Mr. Thompson could not be put before the meeting.

Mr. Perkes thought best to let the matter lie over till the next regular meeting.

Elias Hughes stated that any special meeting could correct errors in the record of a previous meeting; hence there could be no question as to the legality of the resolution just introduced.

Mr. Schulze called for the yeas and nays. The ballot on the adoption of Mr. Thompson's resolution resulted, ayes 38, noes 2, just a majority of the voting.

A motion to adjourn was lost by a rising vote, 20 to 19.

James Steel moved a reconsideration of the vote by which the resolution was lost.

Mr. Hughes moved to lay the motion on the table; carried on roll call, 33 to 7.

A motion to adjourn then prevailed.

PLUG PRESENTATION.

Garfield Post G. A. R. Surprised Last Night by their Lady Friends.

Some days ago several ladies, close relatives of members of Garfield post, Grand Army of the Republic, asked Commander H. M. McMasters to call a special meeting for Tuesday evening. The object they said was laudable, but they desired it kept a secret, and they were cautious enough not even to let him in on the call of the meeting, and last night a "quorum" were present. While the commander was waiting to call the meeting to order a knock for admission came and the ladies presented themselves. They were Mrs. J. P. Shaw and Mrs. H. H. Northup, and admission was granted. Mrs. Shaw without any preliminaries, said:

Gentlemen—In the name of the ladies of Garfield post I ask permission to enter your hall to-night and introduce one of our friends who will explain our presence here. It is said that every time connected with Garfield post is a success except the ladies Relief corps; therefore, we come to-night to prove that we have formed a relief corps. I now have the pleasure of introducing Mrs. H. H. Northup who will present you with a relief.

Mrs. Northup said:

Gentlemen—A desire has arisen in our midst to take some step which should mark our appreciation of our order and its objects and this desire has materialized into the shape of a post flag.

We thought best not to present you with a national flag, for although it is the emblem of liberty, equal rights and national unity, yet in Portland it does not have been mustered whose murderous hands have been raised to strike it down and destroy that liberty and unity of which that flag is the symbol.

There are we present to you this banner whose glorious traitor stands no treason is tolerated. It is a symbol of the purest loyalty and true love, carries upon its folds the badge which if you so proudly display upon your breasts and upon which the red no spot nor stain of treason.

Ladies, we leave who so closely identified with you both now for the party who have borne in that great conflict to preserve the life of this nation. We are proud of your honorable record. We thank you [illegible] you were asked to enjoy the well earned [illegible] of its [illegible] and loyalty and we [illegible] this [illegible] and in the [illegible] to say. My father was a [illegible] soldier; my father was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic.

Ladies, accept this flag at our hand and be [illegible] as well as being [illegible] with [illegible] sympathize with you in the sentiment of which it is the emblem.

Commander McMasters was not prepared for the surprise and found himself unequal to the task of responding. He regretted that the post's silver tongued orator was absent, and that a proper speech acceptance would therefore have to be dispensed with. On behalf of the post he invited the ladies and their friends to [illegible] the members of the post [illegible] at [illegible], at Alnsworth.

The flag is [illegible] and [illegible] festival [illegible] and [illegible].

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THE COMING CELEBRATION.

Complete List of the Contests and the Amusements.

Races, Baseball and Pigeon Shooting, an Air Concert, Day Parade on Land and Night Parade on Water.

Following is the programme for the celebration of the nation's birthday in this city Saturday, July 3, and Monday, July 5:

SATURDAY, JULY 3.

Sports at City View Park.

Admission to the entire free. To reserved seats for ladies and their escorts as also others desiring seats the entrance to grand stand will be fifty cents.

RACES, 1 P. M. SHARP.

1. Running race, free for all two year olds; distance 1000 yards; prize $250—$150 to first, $100 to second.

2. Trotting race, best three in five mile heats. Jan. 1 to which 100 pounds. Kitty Lynch to carry 105 pounds free for all horses in 2:40 class; entrance $50; 50 per cent to first, 30 per cent to second, 15 per cent to third, 5 per cent to fourth, entrance money added to purse.

3. Running race, one-half second heat of free for all; free for all; distance, three-fourths of a mile; prize $250—$150 to first, $100 to second. For information as to entries address J. Silverstone.

CLAY PIGEON SHOOTING MATCH.

Match 1.—Gold medal for championship of the Northwest; value $500; twenty single American clay pigeons and five pairs double; medal subject to challenge for one year; entrance $5; class extra; second best string 40 per cent; third 30 per cent; fourth 20 per cent; fifth 10 per cent; of entrance money.

Match 2.—Fifty dollars presented by Fourth of July committee of seven Portland black birds class shooting; divided as follows: First prize $30; second $15; third $10; fourth $5; entrance 5 birds extra; entry money divided as follows:

Thirty per cent second best score for first prize; twenty per cent second.

Twenty per cent second best score for second prize—ten per cent third.

Fifteen per cent second best score for third prize; five per cent third.

Match 3.—For prize valued at $50 at seven live pigeons each; rocks entrance $5—birds extra; class shooting.

First prize, books, Sport With Rod and Gun; two volumes $3.

Second prize, one pair hunting boots $5.

Third prize, one pair fishing stockings $5.

Fourth prize, silk tie $3.

Second best score for first one pair hunting boots $5.

Third best score for first one dictionary $3.

Second best score for second one fine hat $5.

Third best score for second two cut glass decanters $2.50.

Second best score for third one shell sweedge and one duck call $3.

Second best score for fourth one duck call $3.

Entries to be made to W. B. Ayer at 10 o'clock Portland time up to 10 A. M. Saturday. After that all entries will be charged extra.

Shooting to commence at 1 o'clock P. M. from foot of Taylor street.

Shall rifle carried by ornaments—Boots cash prizes. Entry $3 added to Buell Tamberson any three of the above.

The Selby Smelting & Lead company offer $10 cash for sports of all kinds; honest prizes with their name on; entry fee, one dollar; to have no [illegible] in [illegible].

Match between Stars and Portlands; prize $10; [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Klickitat Valley—First Impressions—The Country Fairly Prosperous

GOLDENDALE, W T, June 28

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

Certain peculiar impressions are always received upon entering and examining a new section of country, and these impressions are governed largely by the season in which the visit is made. But, in truth, these first impressions, as in all the relations and experiences of life, are not to be trusted as the basis of ultimate conclusions. It has been said by some wise one that a man's garments don't make the man, and no doubt this is true. The same idea may be applied to this country (Klickitat) When one reaches Grant's station and looks around upon the adjacent country upon both side of the Columbi river, the impressions are anything but favorable Indeed, one imagines the country is one unfit for any purpose whatever, but in this he finds himself in the wrong

The stage leaves Grant's crosses to the Washington territory side of the river, and grinds slowly and painfully toward Goldendale, and the interior of Klickitat county A considerable forest of trees growing in the sand near Columbia City is the first vegetation that cheers the eye, and contrasts sharply with the adjacent waste and apparent desolation Examination and inquiry develops the fact that this oasis is the result of intelligent work, and shows what may be accomplished in the face of obstacles apparently insurmountable Hard work intelligently applied has produced the pleasing result. As the stage proceeds toward the interior little hamlets, picturesque with and half concealed in green foliage, are seen carved out and developed along the margins of ravines First impressions are now beginning to yield. A passenger on the stage said "Why this sandy soil will produce wonderfully well when water can be gotten on it." Water is found in many of these ravines, and these localities are being worked for all they are worth, and results have been most satisfactory Excellent fruit and vegetables are produced Strawberries, gooseberries and other similar berries are cultivated here with success It is said these small farms yield more ready cash than the large grain plantations At any rate the thrift and prosperity are apparent about most of them

We have now reached the summit of the high hills bordering upon the majestic Columbia. A view is now had whose sweep and comprehension is unsurpassed The river sweeps on to the ocean, like a silver thread glistening in the sunlight now breaking over and about the parched hills Toward the northwest Mt. Adams rises grandly above the surrounding mountains, clad in a panoply of snow and decked with fleecy cloud The distance is forty miles, and yet the air is so clear and pure that we can almost imagine that we can reach our arm forward and take a handful of the cool snow (strong imagination and a long arm) Before us is stretched out in excellent view a portion of the Klickitat valley proper Wooded mountains, running nearly east and west, border the country on the north Intervening are farmhouses and waving fields of grain, promising an excellent average to the farmer By this time first impressions are almost entirely destroyed. Thrift and prosperity are apparently the lot of the people here. The grainfields contrast sharply and suggestively with the occasional uncultivated parched plats. But there are not many of these uncultivated places, the country being well settled, but enough remains to show how unpromising the original appearance of the country was, while the green and thrifty grain shows the soil's real producing capacity Here and there can be seen an ambitious growth of trees upon land taken up under the "timber culture" law The varieties of the trees are many, each being of such a nature as would promise success. Locating and cultivating a farm under the timber culture law is